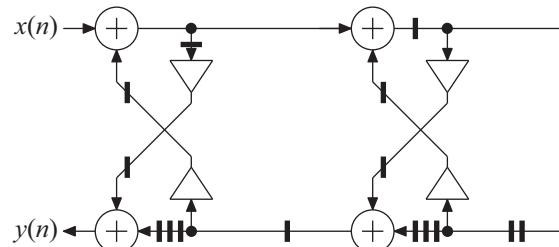


# Preliminary solutions to exam in TSTE 87 ASIC for DSP

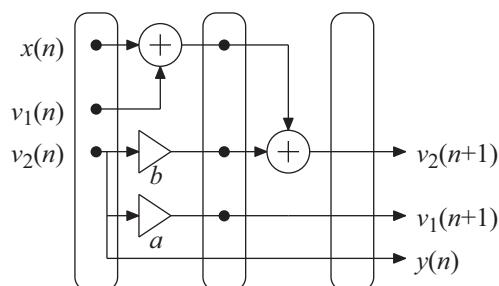
## 2007-03-17

- 1.
- a) The scheduling time must be larger than or equal to:  
 The sample period  
 The largest execution time of a process  
 An integer multiple of the sample period such that the scheduling period is an integer time unit.
  - b) Avoid overflow  
 Reduce round-off noise by utilizing the numerical range
  - c) Bit-reversed for FFTs  
 Modulo addressing for cyclic buffers used in FIR filters
  - d) 2's complement: W/2  
 CSD: W/3
  - e) Less memory accesses  
 Less flexible schedule

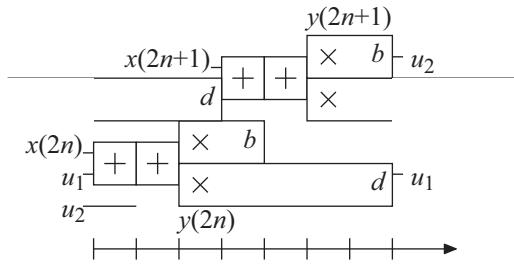
2.



- 3.
- a)  $T_{min} = \max\left\{\frac{2+1}{1}, \frac{5+1+1}{2}\right\} = 3.5 \text{ t.u.}$
  - b)  $T_{cp} = 5 \text{ t.u.}$
  - c)

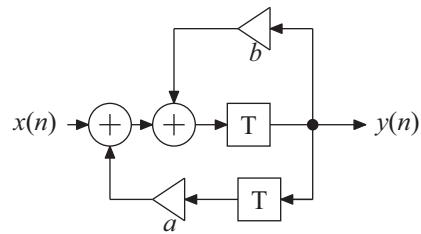


d)



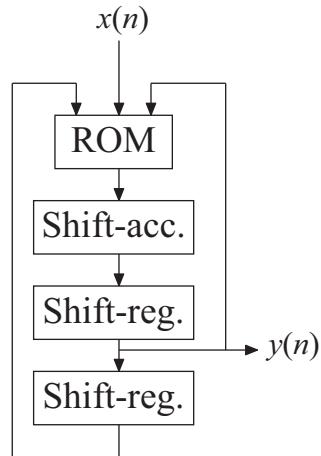
- e)  $T_{min} = 3.5$  t.u. Reordering additions gives  $T_{min} = 4$  t.u., so no improvement.

4. Retime so that one DA unit can be used:



$$\begin{bmatrix} v_1(n+1) \\ v_2(n+1) \\ y(n) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ a & b & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v_1(n) \\ v_2(n) \\ x(n) \end{bmatrix}$$

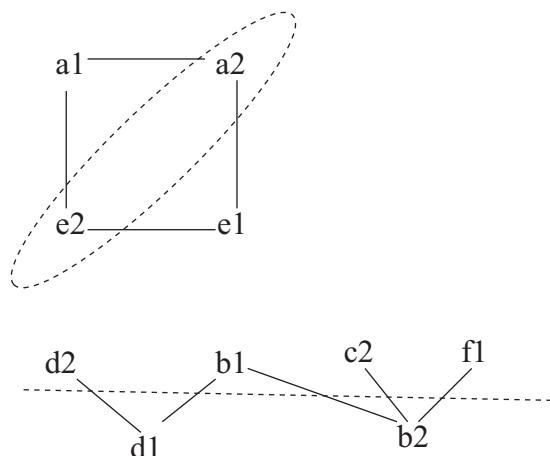
a)



b)

$x(n)$	$v_1(n)$	$v_2(n)$	ROM value	Two's complement
0	0	0	0	00.000000
0	0	1	$b = -1/4$	11.110000
0	1	0	$a = 23/64$	00.010111
0	1	1	$a + b = 7/64$	00.000111
1	0	0	1	01.000000
1	0	1	$1 + b = 3/4$	00.110000
1	1	0	$1 + a = 87/64$	01.010111
1	1	1	$1 + a + b = 71/64$	01.000111

- c) The latency is equal to the number of fractional bits, i.e., 6 clock cycles.
- d)  $T_{min} = \left\{ \frac{6}{1}, \frac{6}{2} \right\} = 6$  clock cycles
- e)  $a = 0.359375 = 0.010111_{2c} = 0.10\bar{1}00\bar{1}_{CSD}$
5. a) Derive an exclusion graph as shown below based on concurrent read/write.  $a1$  denotes upper result from process a, etc.

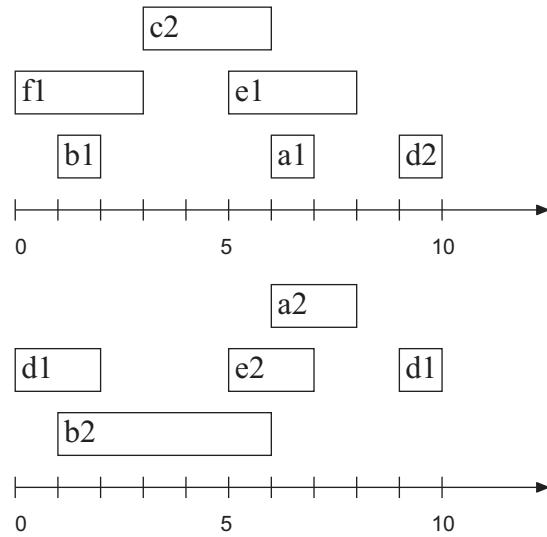


The exclusion graph is in fact two disjoint graphs. Find a disconnecting cut. Results in two sets of memory variable sets:

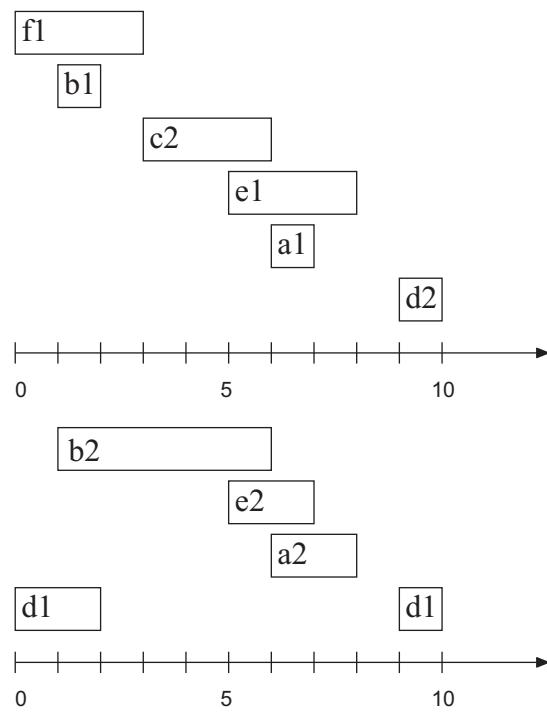
$$\begin{aligned} &\{\{a1, e1\}, \{a2, e2\}\} \\ &\{\{b1, d2, c2, f1\}, \{d1, b2\}\} \end{aligned}$$

Pick one subset from each set and assign to a memory. In total two memories are required.

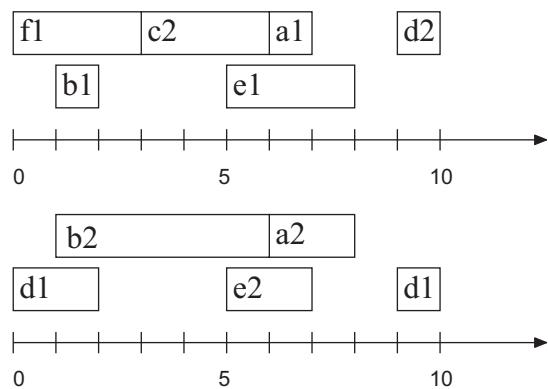
- b) We select  $\{a1, e1\}$  and  $\{b1, d2, c2, f1\}$  for one memory and  $\{a2, e2\}$  and  $\{d1, b2\}$  for the second. We choose to use the left-edge algorithm.  
Extracted memory variables:



Sorted according to start time:



Result after allocation and assignment:



$$c) \quad PE_{min} = \left\lceil \frac{3 \cdot 6}{10} \right\rceil = 2$$