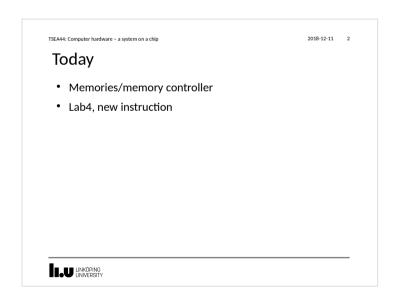
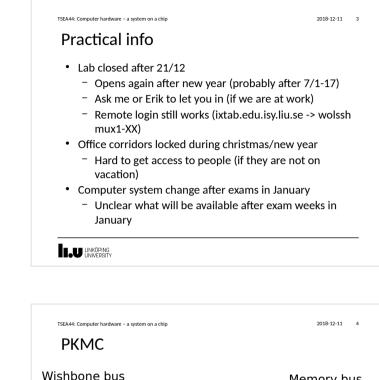
TSEA44: Computer hardware – a system on a chip

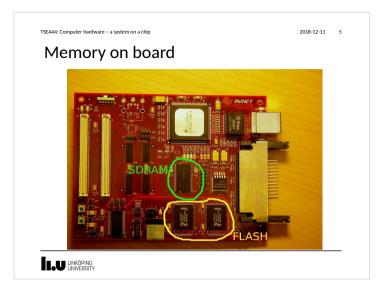
Lecture 8: Memories, lab4

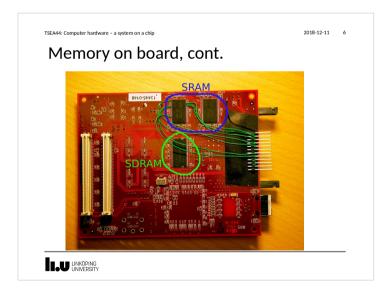


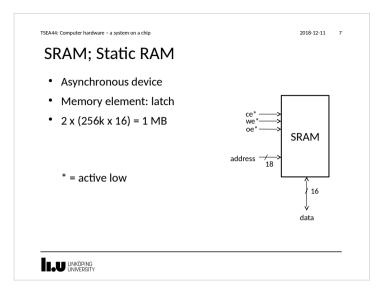


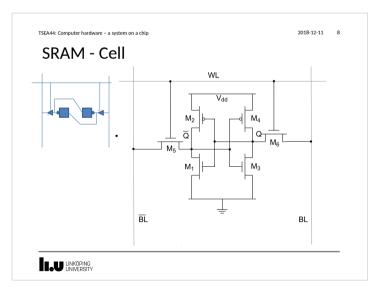
Wishbone bus Memory bus adr -→ adr dat o_ Per Karlströms →dat io dat i ← ->cs_sdram Memory Controller stb ---> cs_sram →cs_flash ack ← • • •

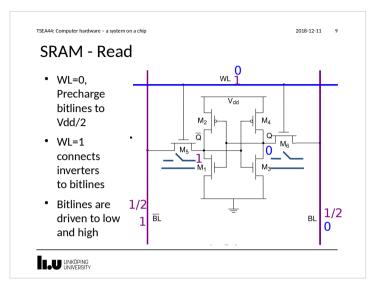
2018-12-11 22:07

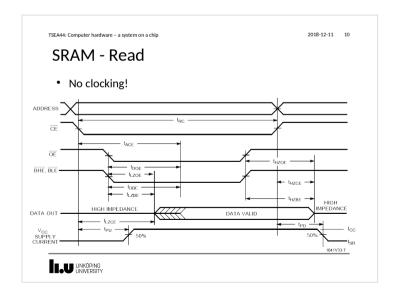


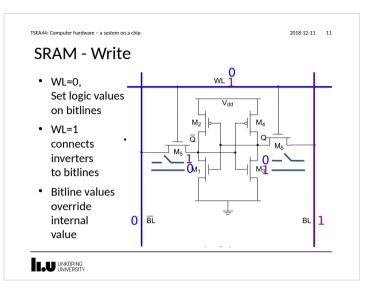


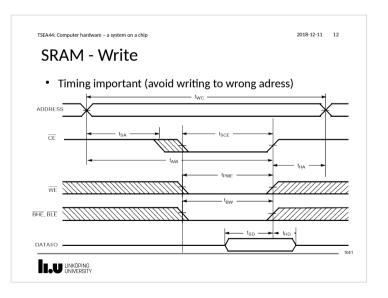


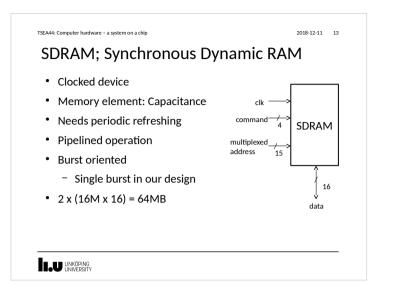


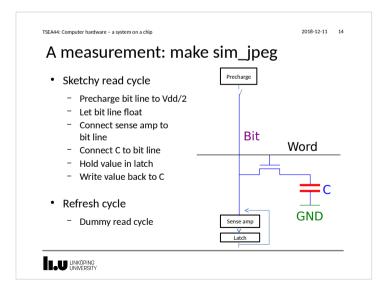


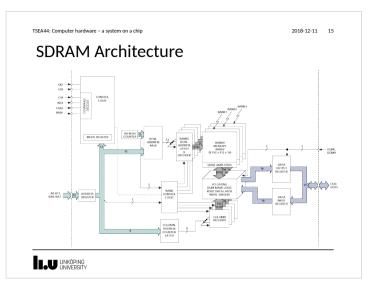


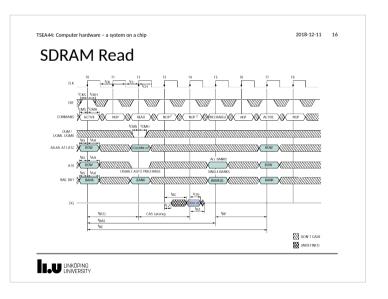


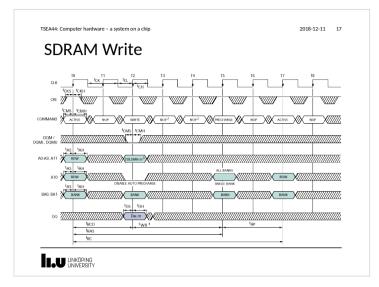


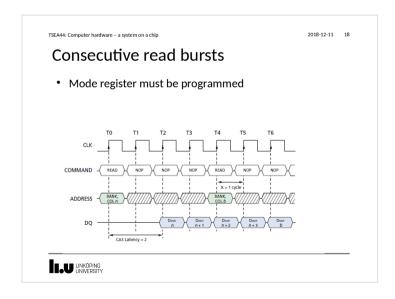


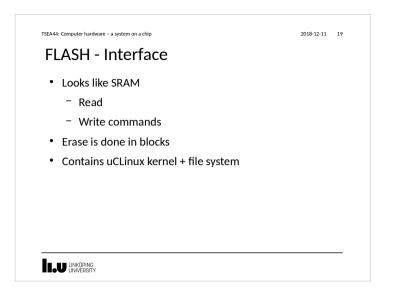


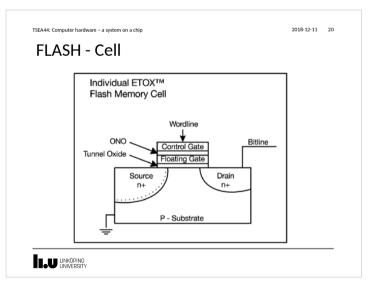


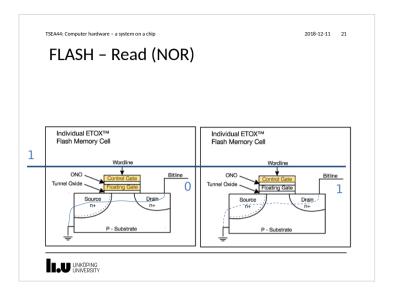


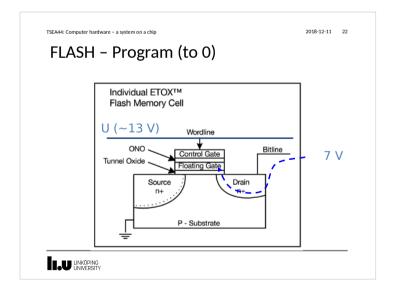


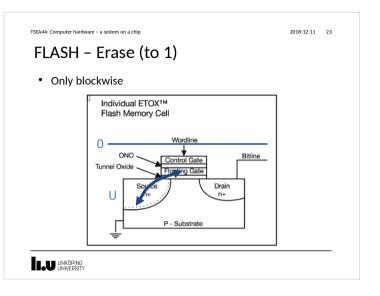


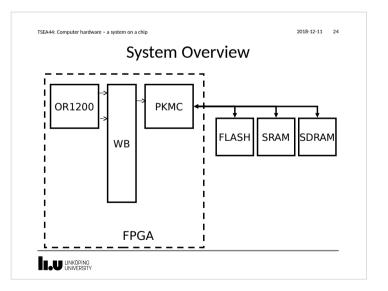


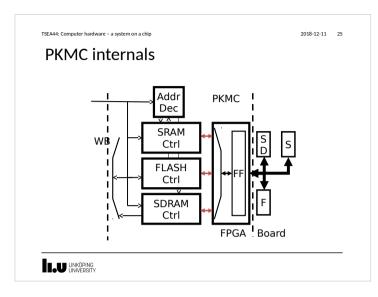


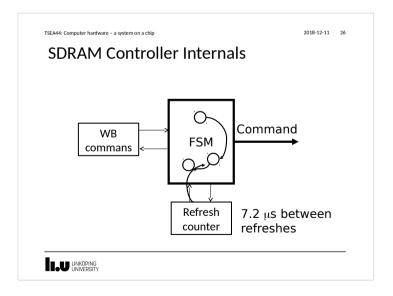


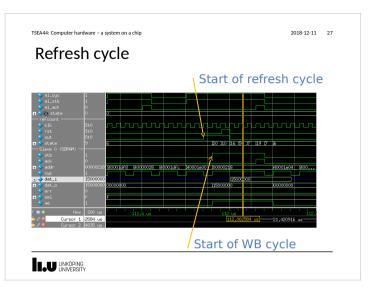


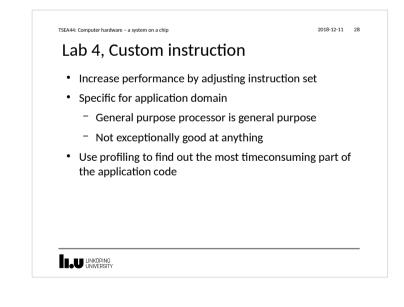


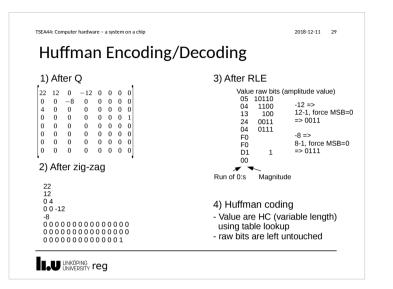


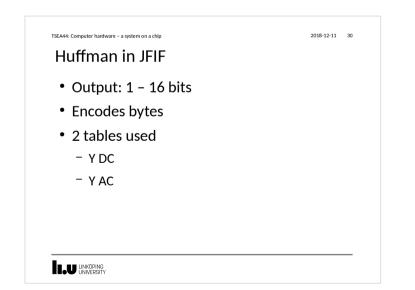


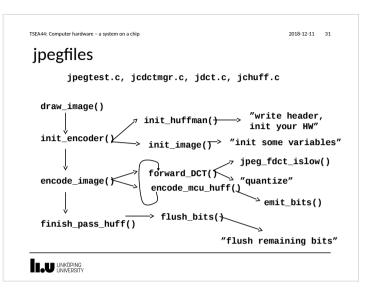




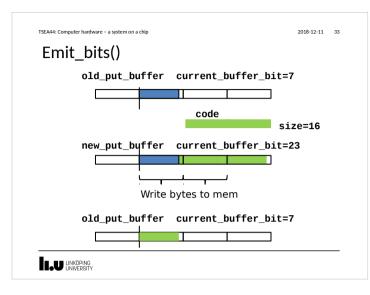


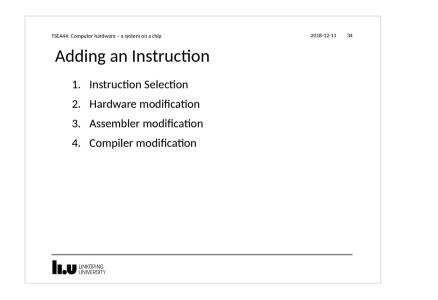


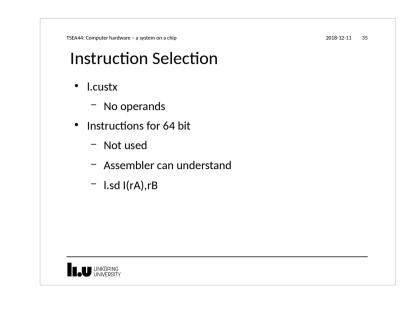


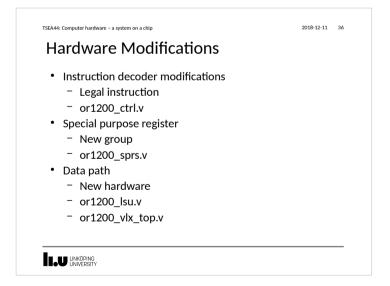


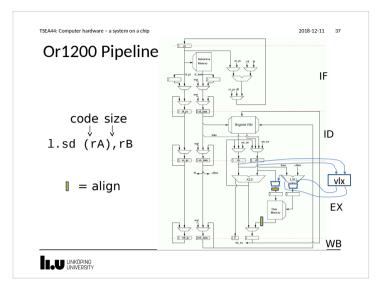
EA44: Computer hardware – a system on a chip	2018-12-11 32
Emit_bits()	
'only the right 24 bits of put_buffer are used; the valid bits are this part. At most 16 bits can be passed to emit_bits in one call, more than 7 bits in put_buffer between calls, so 24 bits are suffi	, and we never retain
atic void emit_bits (unsigned int code, int size)	
unsigned int startcycle;	
<pre>new_put_buffer = (int) code;</pre>	
Add new bits to old bits. If at least 8 bits then write a char to save the rest until we get more bits.	buffer,
<pre>new_put_buffer&= (1<<size) -="" 1;<="" td=""><td>r */ /* align incoming bits */</td></size)></pre>	r */ /* align incoming bits */
<pre>while (current_buffer_bit >= 8) { int c = ((new_put_buffer >> 16) & 0xFF); // Mask out the 8 bits buffer[next_buffer] = (char) c; next buffer++:</pre>	we want
<pre>if (c == 0xFF) { // 0xFF is a reserved code for tags, if we buffer[next_buffer] = 0x00; // with an FF value it has to next_buffer++; }</pre>	
nw_put_buffer <<= 8; current buffer bit -= 8;	
}	
old_put_buffer = new_put_buffer; /* update state variables */	



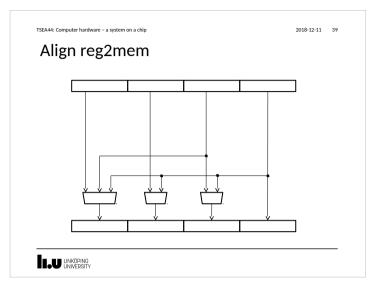


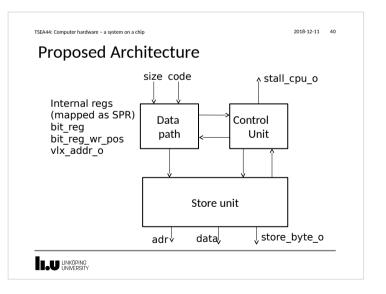


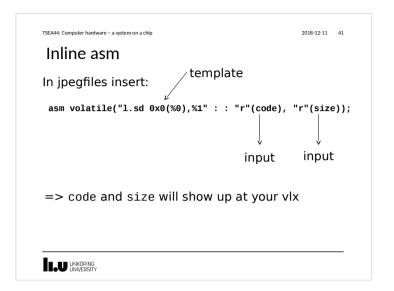


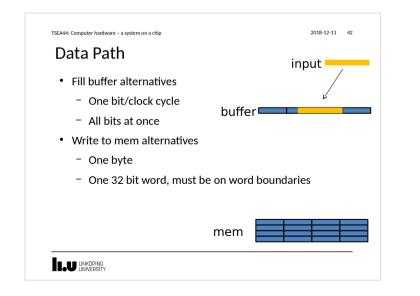


	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
IF	ld	add	sub	-			
ID/RR		ld	add	-	sub		
EX/M			ld	ld	add	sub	
W				-	ld	add	sub

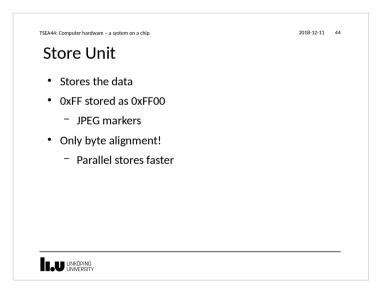


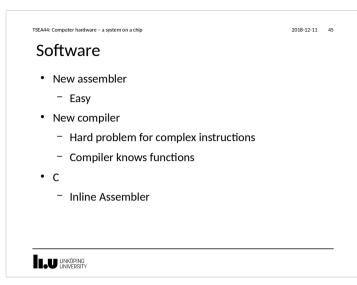












Instr	uct	.10N	Usa	ge
unsigne	d cha	ar* sb_	get_bu	lff_pos(void)
{ .				output
		char*		[√] %0,%1,0x2":"=r"(pos):"r"(0xc000));
	rn po		. mi spi	
}				
				ouff_pos>:
250:	9c	21 ff	fc	l.addi r1,r1,0xfffffffc
254:	d4	01 10	00	l.sw 0x0(r1),r2
	9c	41 00	04	l.addi r2,r1,0x4
258:	-	60 CG	00	l.ori r11,r0,0xc000
	a9			
25c:		6b 00	02	1.mfspr r11,r11,0x2
25c: 260:	b5	6b 00 41 00		
25c: 260: 264:	b5 84		00	1.lwz r2,0x0(r1)

