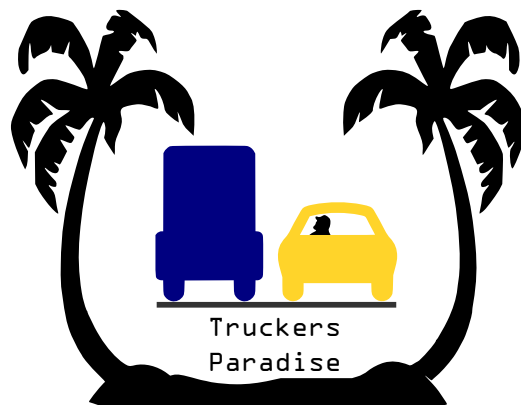


Project Plan LiU Racetrack 2017

Version 1.0

Author: Truls Nyberg
Date: October 5, 2017



Status

| | | |
|----------|------------------|--|
| Reviewed | Truls Nyberg | |
| Approved | Oskar Ljungqvist | |

Course name: Automatic Control - Project Course
Project group: Truckers Paradise
Course code: TSRT10
Project: LiU Racetrack 2017

E-mail: axesk370@student.liu.se
Document responsible: Truls Nyberg
Author's E-mail: truny887@student.liu.se
Document name: project_plan_v.0.2.pdf

Project Identity

Group E-mail: axesk370@student.liu.se
Homepage: <http://www.isy.liu.se/edu/projekt/tsrt10/2017/racetrack/>
Orderer: Oskar Ljungqvist, Linköping University
Phone: +46 (0)70 577 18 68, **E-mail:** oskar.ljungqvist@liu.se
Customer: Daniel Axehill, Linköping University
Phone: +46 (0)13 28 40 42, **E-mail:** daniel@isy.liu.se
Course Responsible: Daniel Axehill, Linköping University
Phone: +46 (0)13 28 40 42, **E-mail:** daniel@isy.liu.se
Advisors: Olov Holmer, Linköping University
Phone:+46 (0)13 28 16 17, **E-mail:** olov.holmer@liu.se

Group Members

| Name | Responsibility | Phone | E-mail (@student.liu.se) |
|--------------------|--|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Axel Skyttner | Project Manager | 072-3410045 | axesk370 |
| Truls Nyberg | Documentation | 073-0968687 | truny887 |
| Andreas Westerlund | Software | 073-7421323 | andve192 |
| Oscar Törnroth | Testing | 073-0640797 | oscto799 |
| Carl Rapp | Control systems | 073-4065264 | carra862 |
| Gustav Sandvik | Design | 073-0293777 | gussa744 |
| Martin Olsson | Motion planner, car | 070-7187739 | marol219 |
| Joakim Säfdal | Motion planner, truck with semi-trailer | 070-7492814 | joasa165 |

Document History

| Version | Date | Changes made | Sign | Reviewer |
|---------|------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|----------|
| 0.1 | 2017-09-15 | First draft. | Project Group | TN |
| 0.2 | 2017-10-03 | Revised after comments from orderer. | Project Group | AS |
| 1.0 | 2017-10-05 | Revised after comments from orderer. | Project Group | JS |

Course name: Automatic Control - Project Course
Project group: Truckers Paradise
Course code: TSRT10
Project: LiU Racetrack 2017

E-mail: axesk370@student.liu.se
Document responsible: Truls Nyberg
Author's E-mail: truny887@student.liu.se
Document name: project_plan_v.0.2.pdf

Contents

| | |
|---|-----------|
| 1 Overview of the Project | 1 |
| 1.1 Background | 1 |
| 1.2 Purpose and Goal | 1 |
| 1.3 Deliveries | 1 |
| 2 Phase Plan | 2 |
| 2.1 Before | 2 |
| 2.2 During | 3 |
| 2.3 After | 3 |
| 3 Organisational Plan | 3 |
| 3.1 Project roles | 4 |
| 3.1.1 Project Leader | 4 |
| 3.1.2 Documents responsible | 4 |
| 3.1.3 Test responsible | 4 |
| 3.1.4 Software responsible | 4 |
| 3.1.5 Design responsible | 4 |
| 3.1.6 Motion planner responsible | 4 |
| 3.1.7 Control systems responsible | 4 |
| 4 Documentation Plan | 5 |
| 5 Report Plan | 5 |
| 6 Meeting Plan | 5 |
| 7 Resource Plan | 6 |
| 7.1 Persons | 6 |
| 7.2 Material | 6 |
| 7.3 Work Rooms | 6 |
| 7.4 Economy | 7 |
| 8 Milestones and Tollgates | 7 |
| 9 Activity List | 7 |
| 9.1 General and documents | 8 |
| 9.2 Simulator | 8 |
| 9.3 Motion planner for the car | 9 |
| 9.4 Motion planner for the truck with semi-trailer | 9 |
| 9.5 Low-level controller for the truck with semi-trailer | 10 |
| 9.6 Low-level controller for the truck with dolly-steered trailer | 10 |
| 9.7 System integration | 11 |
| 9.8 Code quality | 11 |
| 10 Time Plan | 11 |
| 11 Risk Analysis | 12 |



1 Overview of the Project

The LiU Racetrack project is a part of the course Automatic Control - Project Course, with course code TSRT10, which is given by the department of Electrical Engineering, ISY, at Linköping University. The project should follow the LIPS project model [1]. This chapter describes the background of the project together with its purpose and goal. Finally the chapter describes the deliveries associated with the project to give an overview of all the documents, features and reports.

1.1 Background

The project LiU Racetrack was first initiated in the summer of 2011. Since then the project has been carried out each autumn for five years and now includes remotely controlled vehicles, IR-cameras, projector and intelligent algorithms. More specifically there exists a small-scale race track as well as a car and a truck with semi-trailer that are able to follow a reference trajectory. Additionally, the car has an overtaking system that allows the car to pass by static and slowly moving obstacles.

1.2 Purpose and Goal

This year's project have three main purposes. The first purpose is to further develop the system to make it more robust and reliable. This includes that the motion planner for the car plans the whole overtaking trajectory before an overtake is initiated as well as making the collision handler in the motion planner more computationally efficient. The second purpose is to develop a motion planner for the truck with semi-trailer such that the autonomous system automatically computes a reference trajectory around the racetrack and executes this planned trajectory. The system should also be able to perform various parking manoeuvres autonomously. The third purpose is to investigate if the same controller structure as for the truck with semi-trailer can be applied for the truck with dolly-steered trailer to make it follow a precomputed trajectory around the racetrack, both in backward and forward motion. The long term goal with the project is to construct a robust system that can be used for research in autonomous driving and education in advanced control courses.

1.3 Deliveries

The various reports, products and documents that should be delivered during the project are listed below. These are listed as various tollgates (TG).

At TG2 the following should be delivered:

- Requirement specification
- Project plan with time plan
- First draft of design specification

At TG3 the following should be delivered:

- Design specification
- Test plan



At TG4 the following should be delivered:

- Further development of the new trajectory tracking controller for the truck with dolly-steered trailer should be integrated in the system
- The new features in the overtaking algorithm for the car should be tested in simulation environment
- Further development of the trajectory tracking controller in forward motion for the truck with the semi-trailer should be integrated in the system and tested with good results

At TG5 the following should be delivered:

- The complete system which is certified to fulfill all the requirements that have been negotiated with the orderer
- Test protocol
- User manual
- A presentation that validates that the requirements are fulfilled

At TG6 the following should be delivered:

- Technical report
- An after study where the results and the used time is followed up
- Poster presentation
- Web page that describes the project
- A movie to publish

Furthermore, a time report for each specific activity and person as well as a status report should be delivered to the orderer at every week. The status report should also be delivered to the customer.

2 Phase Plan

The project will be divided into three phases: before, during and after [1]. This chapter will describe the different phases.

2.1 Before

At this phase the project group is created and the role for each member of the project group is decided. The requirements specification is also constructed to satisfy all goals in the project directive. The main guidelines and activities are discussed in the project group and a project plan is produced. The project plan also include a time schedule for each activity. At last a first draft of the design specification is established.

2.2 During

During this phase the project activities that lead to practical results are executed. First the design specification is finished where every new feature in the product is described, including implementation strategy. A test plan is also constructed. When these documents are established the project group begin to develop and implement the new features. During this phase the project manager delivers status and time reports to the orderer. The status reports are also forwarded to the customer.

2.3 After

In the last phase the project group creates a technical documentation, an after study, a poster and a user manual. A web page describing the project is also published together with a movie to advertise the product. The web page will contain all documentation of the project.

3 Organisational Plan

Figure 1 presents a visualization of the project organization and the following sections contains a brief explanation of the responsibilities of the project members.

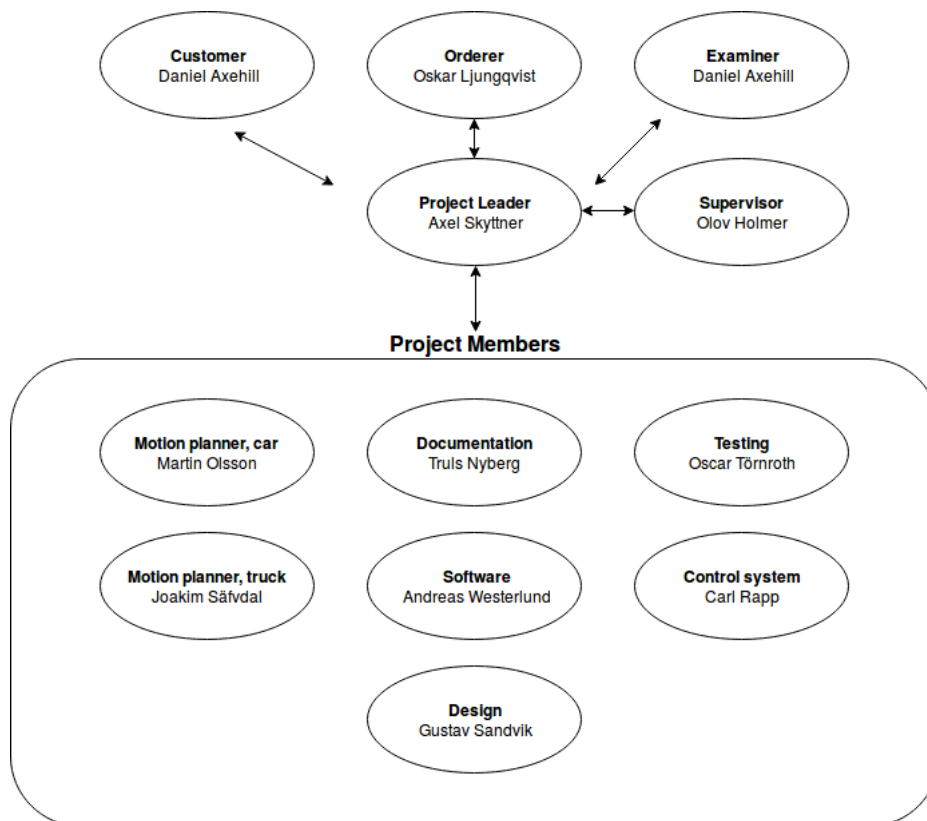


Figure 1: Project organization



3.1 Project roles

Following sections describe all the project roles.

3.1.1 Project Leader

This person is responsible for making sure that the project is finished and that all the mandatory requirements are fulfilled. In order to accomplish the previous tasks, the project leader is responsible to host regular meetings and keep everyone motivated and focused on their tasks.

3.1.2 Documents responsible

This person will make sure that all the documents are handed in and that they are properly worked through.

3.1.3 Test responsible

This person will make sure that the system is tested properly. There will be a test protocol and a test plan specified early in the project that will help the person responsible for testing.

3.1.4 Software responsible

This person will make sure that the given code standard is followed and act as a help resource when there is trouble with git.

3.1.5 Design responsible

This person will be responsible for the system as a whole and make sure that all the components of the system works together.

3.1.6 Motion planner responsible

Two persons will be responsible for the planning systems. They will focus on the planner submodule and will act as experts in this area to the rest of the team. One person will be responsible for the car's planner and one person will focus on the planner for the truck with semi-trailer.

3.1.7 Control systems responsible

One person will be responsible for the control systems. This person will focus on this part of the system and will act as an expert in this area to the rest of the team.



4 Documentation Plan

The documentation of the project will follow the standards in the project model LIPS. [1] All documents will be written in L^AT_EX and version controlled via a Git repository.

The documents listed in table 1 will be produced during the project.

Table 1: Target groups are Project Group (PG), Supervisor (SV), Customer, Orderer (OR) and Course Responsible(CR).

| Document | Description | Target group(s) |
|---------------------------|--|-----------------|
| Requirement Specification | Specification of the requirements that should be fulfilled at the deliveries of the project. | PG, CU, OR |
| Project Plan | Project overview and execution. | PG, SV, OR |
| Time Plan | Describes how the available time should be distributed among the different activities. | PG, SV, OR |
| Design Specification | A brief description of the system fulfilling the required specifications. | PG, SV, OR |
| Test Plan | Describes the tests to be made in order to verify the required specifications of the system. | PG, SV, OR |
| Test Protocol | The results of the tests in the test plan. | CU, OR |
| User Manual | Instructions of how to use the system. | CU |
| Technical Documentation | A detailed description of the entire system. | CU |
| Homepage | Public documentation of the project. | SV, CU |
| Poster | Summary of the system for advertising purpose. | CU |
| Advertising Film | Public advertising in video format. | CU |
| After Study | Summery and analysis of the project. | CR |
| Meeting Protocol | Notes from project meetings. | PG |

5 Report Plan

Reporting the status of the project will be done both internally in the group and to the orderer. The status of the project will be reported in different ways. A time plan will be updated by the group members continuously where the amount of hours put into the different parts of the project is presented. The time plan helps the group and the orderer keep track on the work distribution and if the right amount of hours are put into the project. A verbal status report is covered at the group meetings. This gives the group members a chance to discuss what they are up to, what they are about to do and what they might need help with. Lastly the project leader will report directly to the orderer at weekly meetings where the status of the project will be discussed.

6 Meeting Plan

Group meetings will be held continuously during the different faces of the project. Each Monday at 10.15-12.00 the group will have a meeting at the project room. Before these



meetings the project leader will share the agenda for the day with the group via the common slack[2]. The group members are responsible for reading the agenda and prepare themselves for this meeting. At the end of the meeting the group will decide whether another meeting should take place before the following Monday and when this meeting should take place. The group member responsible for documentation will always act as the secretary of the meetings. Meeting protocols will be shared with the group via a slack channel.

7 Resource Plan

The resources in the project are everything that is necessary for the project to function from a practical point of view. The resources are divided in a few different categories. These categories are explained below.

7.1 Persons

The project group consists of eight members. All members are studying at the program Applied Physics and Electrical Engineering at Linköping University, but have done more or less different coursework during the past year. Therefore, the members have similar knowledge but slightly different area of expertise. The responsibilities in the project (see section 3.1) are distributed with respect to what the members are good at.

7.2 Material

The project members have access to the following materials:

- 1 stationary computer
- 1 projector
- 1 Mini Z racetrack
- 1 Kyosho dNaNo car
- 1 remote controlled truck
- Semi-trailer and dolly to attach behind the truck
- Hand controllers for the car and the truck
- 1 Raspberry Pi for communication with the truck

7.3 Work Rooms

The project group have been assigned a project room at the university where the hardware equipment is stored. All testing of the system will be performed in the project room. Except the project room, the group members have opportunities to book other available work rooms at campus.



7.4 Economy

Finance of hardware and other expenses are paid by the Department of Electrical Engineering (ISY) at Linköping university. Each group member has totally 240 hours to spend on the project. The group also have access to 40 hours supervised time during the entire project.

8 Milestones and Tollgates

In this section the milestones and tollgates of the project is given. The milestones can be seen in table 2 and tollgates can be seen in table 3.

Table 2: Table of milestones.

| No. | Description | Date |
|-----|---|------------|
| 1 | The truck with semi-trailer can execute one lap around the racetrack using the lateral controller. | 2017-10-09 |
| 2 | The simulator can display a simple GUI. | 2017-10-09 |
| 3 | The code base has no unused code files. | 2017-10-09 |
| 4 | The code base has header comments on all files. | 2017-10-09 |
| 5 | The motion planner for the truck with semi-trailer can plan one lap. | 2017-11-13 |
| 6 | The simulator can display a trajectory given by the planner subsystem and has a GUI design that is ready for delivery. | 2017-11-13 |
| 7 | The truck with semi-trailer can do a lap forward with longitudinal control. | 2017-11-13 |
| 8 | The truck with semi-trailer can create a trajectory within 5 seconds, then follow the track and when finished the vehicle parks in a parking lot. | 2017-11-13 |
| 9 | The car makes an overtake with a success rate of 80%. | 2017-11-13 |
| 10 | The truck with dolly-steered trailer can reverse. | 2017-11-27 |
| 11 | All priority 1 requirements are fulfilled. | 2017-11-27 |

Table 3: Table of tollgates.

| T.G | Description | Date |
|-----|--|------------|
| 2 | Delivery of the requirement specification, project plan with time plan and sketch of design specification. | 2017-09-18 |
| 3 | Delivery of the design specification, test plan and test protocol. | 2017-09-25 |
| 4 | Delivery of system where milestone 1 to 9 is implemented. | 2017-11-13 |
| 5 | Delivery of the finished system, user manual and test protocol. | 2017-12-04 |
| 6 | Delivery of the technical specification, web page, poster, film and post study. The project is terminated. | 2017-12-18 |

9 Activity List

The activity list will be divided into 8 sections: General and documents, simulator, motion planner for the car, motion planner the truck with semi-trailer, controller for truck with semi-trailer, controller for truck with dolly-steered trailer, system integration and code quality.

| | | | |
|----------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| Course name: | Automatic Control - Project Course | E-mail: | axesk370@student.liu.se |
| Project group: | Truckers Paradise | Document responsible: | Truls Nyberg |
| Course code: | TSRT10 | Author's E-mail: | truny887@student.liu.se |
| Project: | LiU Racetrack 2017 | Document name: | project_plan_v.0.2.pdf |



9.1 General and documents

General activities and documents are described in table 4.

Table 4: General activities and documents.

| ID-no | Activity | Description | Time[h] |
|-------|---------------------------|---|---------|
| 1 | Requirement specification | Establishment of requirement specification. | 170 |
| 2 | Project plan | Establishment of project plan. | 50 |
| 3 | Time plan | Establishment of time plan. | 10 |
| 4 | Design specification | Establishment of design specification. | 100 |
| 5 | Test plan | Establishment of test plan. | 40 |
| 6 | Test protocol | Establishment of test protocol. | 20 |
| 7 | Technical documentation | Establishment of technical documentation. | 70 |
| 8 | User manual | Establishment of user manual. | 30 |
| 9 | Presentation | Preparation for the presentation at the project conference. | 20 |
| 10 | Web page | Establishment of web page for the project. | 15 |
| 11 | Poster | Establishment of poster for the project. | 15 |
| 12 | Video | Production of a video for the project. | 20 |
| 13 | After study | Execution of after study. | 30 |
| 14 | Meetings | Weekly group meetings. | 192 |
| 15 | Buffer | Buffer if something needs more time. | 318 |

9.2 Simulator

Activities for the simulator is shown in table 5.

Table 5: Activities for the simulator.

| ID-no | Activity | Description | Time[h] |
|-------|---------------------------|---|---------|
| 16 | Execute without hardware | Create a simulator that should be able to execute without any external hardware. | 20 |
| 17 | GUI, racetrack | Implement a GUI for the simulator that include the racetrack. | 10 |
| 18 | GUI, car | Implement a moving car, without motion model, in the GUI. | 5 |
| 19 | GUI, truck | Implement a moving truck with semi-trailer, without motion model, in the GUI. | 5 |
| 20 | Simulate trajectories | Extend the simulator with the ability to display the generated trajectories from the planner. | 30 |
| 21 | Simulate static obstacles | Implement a feature in the simulator that creates static obstacles. | 10 |
| 22 | Simulate moving obstacles | Implement a feature in the simulator that creates moving obstacles. | 20 |



9.3 Motion planner for the car

Activities for the motion planner for the car is shown in table 6.

Table 6: Activities for the motion planner for car.

| ID-no | Activity | Description | Time[h] |
|-------|----------------------------------|--|---------|
| 23 | Pre study | Pre study for motion planner. | 20 |
| 24 | Multiple Werling steps | Develop the motion planner to use multiple Werling steps when creating a trajectory. | 20 |
| 25 | Multiple Werling steps real time | Optimize the motion planner so it can plan a new trajectory in multiple Werling steps in real time. | 40 |
| 26 | Cost Function | Improve the cost function to make the motion planner choose trajectories more suitable for an overtake. | 20 |
| 27 | Time Efficiency, investigate | Investigate where, in current implementation, performance needs to be increased to make the motion planner more time efficient. | 20 |
| 28 | Time Efficiency, develop | Develop the motion planner to be more computationally efficient. | 20 |
| 29 | Follow moving obstacles | Develop the motion planner to create trajectories that follow moving obstacles, without stopping, when no overtake is possible. | 40 |
| 30 | Overtaking trajectory | Develop the motion planner so it can generate a trajectory for overtaking an obstacle moving in the same direction, using several Werling steps. | 80 |

9.4 Motion planner for the truck with semi-trailer

Activities for the motion planner for the truck with semi-trailer is shown in table 7.



Table 7: Activities for the motion planner for truck with semi-trailer.

| ID-no | Activity | Description | Time[h] |
|-------|---|--|---------|
| 31 | Pre study | A pre study for suitable motion planner structure. | 20 |
| 32 | Create reference trajectory | Implement the planner so that a reference trajectory can be calculated for smaller segments of the track. | 70 |
| 33 | Create reference trajectory whole track | Implement the planner so that a reference trajectory around the whole track can be calculated. | 30 |
| 34 | Generate reference trajectory under 5 seconds | Optimize the planner so the reference trajectory around the whole track is calculated under 5 seconds. | 30 |
| 35 | System start-up | Implement the planner with the rest of the system so that a reference trajectory is calculated when the system is started and the truck with semi-trailer is used. | 10 |
| 36 | Detect new obstacles on the track | Implement detection of new obstacles on the calculated reference trajectory. | 20 |
| 37 | Recalculate reference trajectory | Implement functionality for recalculating the reference trajectory when obstacles appears on the reference trajectory. | 20 |

9.5 Low-level controller for the truck with semi-trailer

Activities for the low-level controller for the truck with semi-trailer is shown in table 8.

Table 8: Activities for the low-level controller for the truck with semi-trailer.

| ID-no | Activity | Description | Time[h] |
|-------|--|--|---------|
| 38 | Pre study | Pre study for a low-level controller for the truck with semi-trailer. | 20 |
| 39 | Development of the longitudinal controller | Development of the longitudinal controller for the truck with semi-trailer. | 30 |
| 40 | Development of the lateral controller | Development of the lateral controller for the truck with semi-trailer. | 30 |
| 41 | Controller implementation | Implement the selected controller from the pre study in C++. | 30 |
| 42 | Parameter tuning | Tuning of controller parameters such that the performance requirements are fulfilled. | 10 |
| 43 | Safe-mode | Implement a "safe-mode" for the truck with semi-trailer, the angle between the truck and the semi-trailer should never be greater then 90 degrees. | 10 |

9.6 Low-level controller for the truck with dolly-steered trailer

Activities for the low-level controller for the truck with dolly-steered trailer is shown in table 9.



Table 9: Activities for the low-level controller for the truck with dolly-steered trailer.

| ID-no | Activity | Description | Time[h] |
|-------|------------------------|--|---------|
| 44 | Pre study motion model | Decide which motion model should be used for the truck with dolly-steered trailer. | 20 |
| 45 | Develop motion model | Develop a motion model for the truck with dolly-steered trailer. | 20 |
| 46 | Model implementation | Implement the motion model for the truck with dolly-steered trailer in C++. | 20 |
| 47 | Develop controller | Develop the controller for the truck with dolly-steered trailer using the same structure as the one implemented for the truck with semi-trailer. | 10 |
| 48 | Implement controller | Implement the controller for both the 2-trailer and the semi-trailer truck in C++. | 30 |
| 49 | Parameter tuning | Tuning of controller parameters such that the performance requirements are fulfilled. | 20 |

9.7 System integration

Activities for integration of all systems is shown in table 10.

Table 10: System integration activities.

| ID-no | Activity | Description | Time[h] |
|-------|-------------------------|--|---------|
| 50 | GUI integration | Integration of GUI features. | 20 |
| 51 | Testing of requirements | Testing and verifying of requirements of priority 1. | 40 |

9.8 Code quality

Activities for the code quality is shown in table 11.

Table 11: Code quality activities.

| ID-no | Activity | Description | Time[h] |
|-------|-------------------------------|---|---------|
| 52 | Clear out unused code files | No unused code files should be delivered in the finished visual studio solution. | 20 |
| 53 | File comments | All code files should include a descriptive file comment at the top. | 20 |
| 54 | Code standard OS-AAR_2013.cpp | The source code in OSAAR_2013.cpp should be refactored to comply with Google C++ style guide. | 20 |
| 55 | Code standard racetrack.cpp | The source code in racetrack.cpp should be refactored to comply with Google C++ style guide. | 20 |

10 Time Plan

A time plan for the project has been made and can be seen in Appendix A. Each group member will register its own hours worked on each activity and the time plan will then be updated and modified every week.



11 Risk Analysis

The greatest risks involving the project is delayed deliveries. This might occur if something surrounding the hardware breaks, if a group member gets ill over an extended period or because of internal arguments. To prevent any of these events from delaying the project the group will do the following:

- If something concerning the hardware breaks the orderer will be contacted immediately and the future of the project will be discussed. The members will handle the hardware with care so that the risk of breaking the equipment is minimized.
- If a group member gets sick the workload of the other group members will increase. If this makes delivery on time difficult the orderer will be contacted as soon as possible. To prevent this from happening the group will aim on not having members with exclusive knowledge of the system. This way the work can continue even if someone gets ill.
- It is important to solve internal conflicts as soon as possible. If the conflicts can't be solved by the involved group members alone, the project leader will help them solve the problem. Therefore it's vital that the arguing group members themselves asks for help if help is needed.

References

- [1] Tomas Svensson and Christian Krysanter. *Project model LIPS*. Studentlitteratur, 2011.
- [2] Slack Technologies. Slack. <https://slack.com/>, 8 2013. Collaborative software.



A Time Plan

| Modifierad plan | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--|-------------------|----------------------------|-----------|---|-----------|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|-----|-----|
| Projekt: LiU Racetrack | | Datum: 4/11/2016 | | | | Granskad: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Projektgrupp: Truckers Paradise | | Version: vecka 14 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Beställare: Oskar Ljungqvist | | Utfärdare: AS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Kurs: TSRT10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AKTIVITETER | TID | VEM | TIDPLAN (när), veckonummer | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nr | Beskrivning | timmar | Initialer | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | |
| Produktutveckling: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Simulator: Execute without hardware | 20 | aw,tn | | | | | 20 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Simulator: GUI, racetrack | 10 | aw,tn | | | | | | 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Simulator: GUI, car | 5 | aw,tn | | | | | | | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Simulator: GUI, truck | 5 | aw,tn | | | | | | | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Simulator: Simulate trajectories | 30 | aw,tn | | | | | | | | 30 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | Simulator: Simulate static obstacles | 10 | aw,tn | | | | | | | 10 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Simulator: Simulate moving obstacles | 20 | aw,tn | | | | | | | | | | 20 | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | Motion planner car: Pre study | 20 | mo.ot,as | | | | 8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | Motion planner car: Multiple Werling steps | 20 | mo.ot,as | | | | | | 5 | 5 | 5 | | | 5 | | | | | | | |
| 10 | Motion planner car: Multiple Werling steps real time | 40 | mo.ot,as | | | | | | | | | | | 20 | 20 | | | | | | |
| 11 | Motion planner car: Cost Function | 20 | mo.ot,as | | | | | | | | | | | 10 | 10 | | | | | | |
| 12 | Motion planner car: Time Efficiency, investigate | 20 | mo.ot,as | | | | | 10 | 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 13 | Motion planner car: Time Efficiency, develop | 20 | mo.ot,as | | | | | | | | | | | 10 | 10 | | | | | | |
| 14 | Motion planner car: Follow moving obstacles | 40 | mo.ot,as | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | Motion planner car: Overtaking trajectory straights | 80 | mo.ot,as | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | Motion planner truck: Pre study | 20 | js, aw, tn | | | | 9 | | | | | | | | | | 40 | 40 | | | |
| 17 | Motion planner truck: Create reference trajectory | 70 | js, aw, tn | | | | | | | | 35 | 35 | | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | Motion planner truck: Create reference trajectory whole track | 30 | js, aw, tn | | | | | | | | | 30 | | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | Motion planner truck: Create reference trajectory under 60 seconds | 30 | js, aw, tn | | | | | | | | | | 15 | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | Motion planner truck: System start-up | 10 | js, aw, tn | | | | | | | | | | | 10 | | | | | | | |
| 21 | Motion planner truck: Detect new obstacles on the track | 20 | js, aw, tn | | | | | | | | | | 10 | | | | | | | | |
| 22 | Motion planner truck: Recalculate reference trajectory | 20 | js, aw, tn | | | | | | | | | | | 10 | 10 | | | | | | |
| 23 | Controller truck with semi-trailer: Pre study | 20 | cr,gs,as | | | | | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 24 | Controller truck with semi-trailer: Development of the longitudinal controller | 30 | cr,gs,as | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25 | Controller truck with semi-trailer: Development of the lateral controller | 30 | cr,gs,as | | | | | | 20 | 10 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 26 | Controller truck with semi-trailer: Controller implementation | 30 | cr,gs,as | | | | | | | | 5 | 10 | 5 | | 10 | | | | | | |
| 27 | Controller truck with semi-trailer: Parameter tuning | 10 | cr,gs,as | | | | | | | | | | 5 | | 5 | | | | | | |
| 28 | Controller truck with semi-trailer: Safe-mode | 10 | cr,gs,as | | | | | | | | | | | | | 10 | | | | | |
| 29 | Controller truck with dolly: Pre study motion model | 20 | cr,gs,as | | | | | 6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 30 | Controller truck with dolly: Develop motion model | 20 | cr,gs,as | | | | | | | | | | | 5 | 5 | 10 | | | | | |
| 31 | Controller truck with dolly: Model implement | 20 | cr,gs,as | | | | | | | | | | | | | 20 | | | | | |
| 32 | Controller truck with dolly: Develop controller | 10 | cr,gs,as | | | | | | | | | | | | | 10 | | | | | |
| 33 | Controller truck with dolly: Implement controller | 30 | cr,gs,as | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 30 | | | |
| 34 | Controller truck with dolly: Parameter tuning | 20 | cr,gs,as | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 20 | | |
| 35 | Code quality: Clear out unused code files | 20 | alla | | | | | | 10 | 10 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 36 | Code quality: File comments | 20 | alla | | | | | | | 10 | 10 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 37 | Code quality: Code standard OSAAR2013.cpp | 20 | alla | | | | | | | 10 | 5 | 5 | | | | | | | | | |
| 38 | Code quality: Code standard racetrack.cpp | 20 | alla | | | | | | | 10 | 5 | 5 | | | | | | | | | |
| 39 | System integration: GUI features | 20 | gs | | | | | | | | | | | 20 | | | | | | | |
| 40 | System integration: Test and verifying of requirements | 40 | gs,ot | | | | | | | | | | | | | 20 | 20 | | | | |
| 41 | Reservtid | 218 | alla | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 204 | |
| Dokumentation: | | | timmar | Initialer | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 |
| 42 | Kravspecifikation | 70 | alla | | | 106 | 65 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 43 | Projektplan | 30 | alla | | | 2 | 47 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 44 | Tidsplan | 20 | alla | | | | 11 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 45 | Designspecifikation | 120 | alla | | | | 4 | 82 | 7 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 46 | Testplan | 40 | alla | | | | | 5 | 35 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 47 | Testprotokoll | 20 | alla | | | | | | 5 | | | | | | | | | | 15 | | |
| 48 | Teknisk dokumentation | 70 | alla | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 70 | |
| 49 | Användarhandledning | 30 | alla | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 30 | | |
| 50 | Hemsida | 15 | alla | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 15 |
| 51 | Poster | 15 | alla | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 15 |
| 52 | Film | 20 | alla | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 20 |
| 53 | Efterstudie | 30 | alla | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 30 |
| Övrigt: | | | timmar | Initialer | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 |
| 54 | Förberelse presentation | 20 | as,alla | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 20 |
| 55 | Presentation | 8 | as,alla | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8 |
| Möten: | | | timmar | Initialer | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 |
| 56 | Projektmöte | 192 | as,alla | | | 12 | 12 | 10 | 16 | 16 | 16 | | | | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 8 | 8 | |
| 57 | Beställarmöte | 12 | as,alla | | | | 0 | 0 | 8 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 58 | Handledarmöte | 40 | as,alla | | | | | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | | 3 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 5 | |
| Milstöplar: | | | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 |
| 59 | Milstolpe 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 60 | Milstolpe 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 61 | Milstolpe 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 62 | Milstolpe 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 63 | Milstolpe 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 64 | Milstolpe 6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 65 | Milstolpe 7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 66 | Milstolpe 8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 67 | Milstolpe 9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 68 | Milstolpe 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 69 | Milstolpe 11 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Beslutspunkter: | | | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 |
| 70 | Beslutspunkt 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 71 | Beslutspunkt 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 72 | Beslutspunkt 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 73 | Beslutspunkt 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 74 | Beslutspunkt 6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Summa antal timmar: | | | 1920 | | 0 | 120 | 144 | 168 | ## | ## | ## | ## | 0 | 170 | 115 | 132 | 130 | 65 | 84 | 108 | 212 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Course name: Automatic Control - Project Course E-mail: axesk370@student.liu.se
 Project group: Truckers Paradise Document responsible: Truls Nyberg
 Course code: TSRT10 Author's E-mail: truny887@student.liu.se
 Project: LiU Racetrack 2017 Document name: project_plan_v.0.2.pdf